



FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:	1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2970)
FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:	1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-703-527-3887)
FOR ALL MSDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:	1-800-511-MSDS (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2347)

PRODUCT NAME: POOLIFE Exclusive Pool Care Collection Brite Stix
EPA Registration Number: 1258-1244

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Arch Chemicals, Inc. 501 Merritt 7 PO Box 5204 Norwalk, CT 06856-5204	REVISION DATE:	06/15/2011
	SUPERCEDES:	05/31/2011
	MSDS Number:	000000013561
	SYNONYMS:	None
	CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Chloroisocyanurates
	DESCRIPTION / USE	Swimming pool water treatment
	FORMULA:	NOT APPLICABLE/MIXTURE

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazard Classification:	Corrosive to eyes and skin, Lung toxin, Oxidizer
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Routes of Entry:	Inhalation, skin, eyes, ingestion
Chemical Interactions:	No known or reported interactions.
Medical Conditions Aggravated:	Asthma, respiratory and cardiovascular disease

Human Threshold Response Data

Odor Threshold	Not established for product.
Irritation Threshold	Not established for product.



Hazardous Materials Identification System / National Fire Protection Association Classifications

<u>Hazard Ratings :</u>	<u>Health</u>	<u>Flammability</u>	<u>Physical / Instability</u>	<u>PPI / Special hazard.</u>
HMIS	3	0	2	
NFPA	2	0	2	NFPA Oxidizer Class: Meets the criteria of an NFPA Class 1 Oxidizer

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

Inhalation Toxicity: This product in the form of solid tablets is not an inhalation hazard. However, if dust is created and inhaled, inhalation of this material in dust or vapor form is irritating to the nose, mouth, throat and lungs. It may also cause burns to the respiratory tract with the production of lung edema which can result in shortness of breath, wheezing, choking, chest pain, and impairment of lung function. Inhalation of high concentrations can result in permanent lung damage.

Skin Toxicity: DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION. WET MATERIAL CAUSES SKIN BURNS. Dermal exposure to dry material causes moderate skin irritation characterized by redness and swelling. Dermal exposure to wet material can cause severe irritation and/or burns characterized by redness, swelling and scab formation. Prolonged skin exposure may cause permanent damage.

Eye Toxicity: CAUSES BURNS TO EYES. Severe irritation and/or burns can occur following eye exposure. Direct contact may cause impairment of vision and corneal damage.

Ingestion Toxicity: MODERATELY TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES BURNS TO DIGESTIVE TRACT. Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines, characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding, and/or tissue ulceration. Ingestion may cause severe damage to the gastrointestinal tract with the potential to cause perforation.

Acute Target Organ Toxicity: This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, may cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract., The dry material is irritating to the skin. However when wet, it will produce burns to the skin.

Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity: This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Not known or reported to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity.



Inhalation: There are no known or reported effects from chronic exposure except for effects similar to those experienced from acute exposure.

Skin Contact: Effects similar to those from acute exposure. In addition, chronic exposure to wet material may cause effects secondary to tissue destruction.

Ingestion: There are no known or reported effects from chronic ingestion except for effects similar to those experienced from single exposure. The acute corrosivity of this product, makes chronic ingestion of significant amounts unlikely.

Sensitization: This material tested negative for skin sensitization in animals.

Chronic Target Organ Toxicity: There are no known or reported target organ effects from chronic exposure., Toxicological investigation indicates it does not produce significant effects from chronic exposure.

Supplemental Health Hazard Information : No additional health information available.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>% RANGE</u>
TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE	87-90-1	94.40 -
Hexametaphosphate	68915-31-1	2.33 -
POLYTETRAFLUROETHYLENE	9002-84-0	1.75 -
Copper Sulfate pentahydrate	7758-99-8	1.52 -

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice: Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Inhalation: IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.



Skin Contact: IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Ingestion: IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary (OSHA): Product is not known to be flammable, combustible or pyrophoric.,
NFPA Oxidizer Class: Meets the criteria of an NFPA Class 1
Oxidizer

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable

Fire / Explosion Hazards: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Closed containers may explode (due to the build up of steam pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

Extinguishing Media: Water only.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. On small fires, use water spray or fog. On large fires, use heavy deluge or fog streams. Flooding amounts of water may be required before extinguishment can be accomplished. Do not use dry extinguishers containing ammonium compounds.

Upper Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air: Not applicable

Lower Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air: Not applicable



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Protection for Emergency Situations: Response to a large quantity spill (100 pounds or greater) or when dusting or decomposition gas exposure could occur requires the use of a positive pressure full face supplied air respirator or self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and boots. In case of fire, this personal protective equipment should be used in addition to normal fire fighter equipment. Compatible materials for response to this material are: neoprene. Protection concerns must also address the following: If this material becomes damp/wet or contaminated in a container, the formation of nitrogen trichloride gas may occur and an explosive condition may exist.

Spill Mitigation Procedures

Air Release:

Vapors may be suppressed by the use of water fog.

Water Release:

This material is heavier than water. This material is soluble in water. Stop water flow or divert water flow around spill if possible and safe to do so. Begin monitoring for available chlorine and pH immediately.

Land Release:

Do not contaminate spill material with any organic materials, ammonia, ammonium salts or urea. Clean up all spill material with clean, dry dedicated equipment and place in a clean dry container.

Additional Spill Information :

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 REPORTABLE QUANTITY: Not Applicable (Per 40 CFR 302.4) Hazardous concentrations in air may be found in local spill area and immediately downwind. If spill material is still dry, do not put water directly on this product as a gas evolution may occur. If material is wet, contact 1-800-654-6911 for proper stabilization procedures. Dispose of spill residues per guidelines under Section 13, Disposal Consideration. This material may be neutralized for disposal; you are requested to contact Arch Chemicals at 1-800-654-6911 before beginning any such procedure.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water. Avoid breathing dust, mist, vapor or gas.

Storage:

Store in a cool dry ventilated location, away from sources of ignition or other incompatible conditions and chemicals. Keep container(s) closed. Avoid creating dusts.

Shelf Life Limitations:

Indefinite. Available chlorine loss can be as little as 0.1% per year at ambient temperatures.



Incompatible Materials for Storage: organic materials Reducing agents nitrogen containing materials oxidizers acids Bases (Incompatible materials for packaging: paper, cardboard)

Do Not Store At temperatures Above: 60 DEG°C / 140 DEG°F

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to keep airborne exposures below the TLV, PEL or other recommended exposure limit.

Protective Equipment for Routine Use of Product

Respiratory Protection : Wear a NIOSH approved respirator if levels above the exposure limits are possible.

Respirator Type : A NIOSH approved full-face air purifying respirator equipped with combination chlorine/P100 cartridges. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres or if exposure concentrations exceed ten (10) times the published limit.

Skin Protection : Wear impervious gloves to avoid skin contact. A full impervious suit is recommended if exposure is possible to a large portion of the body.

Eye Protection: Use chemical goggles.

Protective Clothing Type: Nitrile, Natural rubber, Neoprene (This includes: gloves, boots, apron, protective suit)

General Protective Measures: An eye wash and safety shower should be provided in the immediate work area.

Exposure Limit Data

<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>Name of Limit</u>	<u>Exposure</u>
TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE	87-90-1	ARCH-ROEG*	0.5 mg/m3 TWA
Copper Sulfate pentahydrate	7758-99-8	OSHA Z1	1 mg/m3 TWA dusts and mists
Copper Sulfate pentahydrate	7758-99-8	NIOSH-IDLH	100 mg/m3

*ARCH-ROEG: Arch Recommended Occupational Exposure Guideline.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	solid
Form	Tablet
Color:	white
Odor:	Sharp, chlorine-like, bleach odor
Molecular Weight:	Not applicable/Mixture



Specific Gravity : No data
pH : 2.4 - 2.7 1% solution
Boiling Point: Not applicable
Freezing Point: Not applicable
Melting Point: Not applicable
Density: 2.1000 g/cc
Vapor Pressure: Not available
Vapor Density: Not applicable
Viscosity: Not applicable
Fat Solubility: No data
Solubility in Water: 1.20000 % (@ 25 Deg. C)

Partition coefficient n-
octanol/water: No data.
Evaporation Rate: Not applicable
Oxidizing: Product has oxidizing properties.
Volatiles, % by vol.: Not applicable
VOC Content Not applicable
HAP Content Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability and Reactivity Summary: May be unstable at temperatures above 225 Deg. C (437 Deg. F)
Not sensitive to mechanical shock. Not sensitive to static discharge. Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.
Considered to be an OSHA oxidizer per 29 CFR 1910.1200.
NFPA Oxidizer Class: Meets the criteria of an NFPA Class 1 Oxidizer

Conditions to Avoid: Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated temperatures., Contact with small amounts of water may result in an exothermic reaction with the liberation of toxic fumes., Damp or slightly wet product (will evolve nitrogen trichloride), May be unstable at temperatures above 225 Deg. C (437 Deg. F)

Chemical Incompatibility: organic materials, Oils, Grease, Sawdust, Reducing agents, nitrogen-containing compounds, oxidizers, acids, Bases, Dry fire extinguishers containing ammonium compounds

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen trichloride, Chlorine, nitrous oxides, cyanates, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide

Decomposition Temperature: 225 DEG°C - , 437 DEG°F-

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Animal Toxicology

Oral LD50 value:

TRICHLORO-S- LD50 = 490 mg/kg Rat

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TRIAZINETRIONE
Hexametaphosphate LD50 = 3,053 mg/kg rat
Copper Sulfate pentahydrate LD50 = 300 mg/kg rat

Component Animal Toxicology

Dermal LD50 value:

TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit
Hexametaphosphate no data available
Copper Sulfate pentahydrate LD50 >= 1,000 mg/kg rabbit

Component Animal Toxicology

Inhalation LC50 value:

TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE LC50 1 h (aerosol dust), (Nose Only) Approximately 2.16 MG/L Rat
TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE LC50 4 h (aerosol dust), (Nose Only) Approximately 0.54 MG/L Rat
Hexametaphosphate LC50 4 h > 3.69 MG/L rat
Copper Sulfate pentahydrate no data available

Product Animal Toxicity

Oral LD50 value: LD50 Believed to be > 500 but < 5,000 mg/kg. Rat

Dermal LD50 value: LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg Rabbit

Inhalation LC50 No data

value:

Skin Irritation: DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION., WET MATERIAL CAUSES SKIN BURNS.

Eye Irritation: Corrosive to eyes.

Skin Sensitization: Negative skin sensitizer, guinea pig - Buehler Method

Acute Toxicity: This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, may cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. The dry material is irritating to the skin. However when wet, it will produce burns to the skin.

Subchronic / Chronic Toxicity: There are no known or reported effects from repeated exposure., Toxicological investigation indicates it does not produce significant effects from chronic exposure.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Not known or reported to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity.



TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE

Not known or reported to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity. A similar product has been tested and it did not produce teratogenic or fetotoxic effects in laboratory animals.

Mutagenicity: Not known or reported to be mutagenic.

TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE

This product was determined to be non-mutagenic in the Ames assay.

Copper Sulfate pentahydrate

Copper sulfate has been tested for mutagenicity, and there is equivocal evidence for its mutagenic potential. It was found to be negative in the Ames assay and in a yeast assay. It was found to be positive in the in vitro Syrian hamster embryo (SA7/SHE) cell transformation assay.

Carcinogenicity: This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA.

TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE

This chemical is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP, or EPA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview: Highly toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms.

Ecological Toxicity Values - Product:

Rainbow trout (<i>Salmo gairdneri</i>),	-	96 h LC50 0.32 mg/l
Bluegill sunfish	-	96 h LC50 0.30 mg/l
Daphnia magna,	-	48 h LC50 0.21 mg/l
Mallard duck	-	8 DAYS Dietary LC50 > 10,000 ppm
Mallard duck	-	Acute Oral LD50 1,600 mg/kg
Bobwhite quail	-	8 DAYS Dietary LC50 7,422 ppm

Ecological Toxicity Values for: TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE

Rainbow trout (<i>Salmo gairdneri</i>),	-	96 h LC50 0.32 mg/l
Bluegill sunfish	-	96 h LC50 0.30 mg/l
Daphnia magna,	-	48 h LC50 0.21 mg/l
Mallard duck	-	8 DAYS Dietary LC50 > 10,000 ppm
Mallard duck	-	Acute Oral LD50 1,600 mg/kg
Bobwhite quail	-	8 DAYS Dietary LC50 7,422 ppm



Ecological Toxicity Values for: **Copper Sulfate pentahydrate**

Bluegill	- (measured, renewal) 96 h LC50 = 0.892 mg/l
Bluegill	- (static). 96 h LC50 = 1.3 - 2.8 mg/l
Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	- (static). 96 h LC50 = 0.13 mg/l
Blue crab (Callinectes sapidus)	- (static). 96 h LC50= 28 mg/l
Northern pink shrimp (Penaeus duorarum)	- (static). 96 h LC50= 16 mg/l
Marsh grass shrimp	- (static). 96 h LC50= 17 mg/l
Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum),	- (static). 5 day EC50 (population growth) = 0.0031 mg/l
Anabaena flos-aquae (freshwater blue-green algae)	- (static). 5 day EC50 (population growth) = 0.029 mg/l
Skeletonema costatum (diatom)	- (static). 5 day EC50 (population growth) = 0.25 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Waste Disposal Summary : If this product becomes a waste, it DOES NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261, in that it does not exhibit the characteristics of hazardous waste of Subpart C, nor is it listed as a hazardous waste under Subpart D.

Disposal Methods : As a nonhazardous waste, it should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Potential US EPA Waste Codes : Not applicable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (US DOT): UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE, COPPER SULFATE PENTAHYDRATE)
9 III

Water (IMDG): UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE, COPPER SULFATE PENTAHYDRATE)
9 III MARINE POLLUTANT



Air (IATA): Flash Point: Not applicable
UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.,
(TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE, COPPER SULFATE PENTAHYDRATE) 9
III

Emergency Response Guide Number: ERG # 171

Transportation Notes: Inhalation is not a normal route of absorption relative to transportation. 1) Inhalation toxicity data indicates product to be toxic by inhalation, however, diameter of over 90% of granules well exceed 10 micron limit. Particles cannot be inhaled through lungs. Material is not regulated for ground transportation within the US if shipped in non-bulk packages. Material is not regulated as a marine pollutant for ground transportation within the US if shipped in non-bulk packages.

EMS: F-A, S-F

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): This is an EPA registered pesticide.
EPA Pesticide Registration Number: 1258-1244

FIFRA Listing of Pesticide Chemicals (40 CFR 180): This product is regulated under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. It must be used for purposes consistent with its labeling.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Hazard Categories Sections 311 / 312 (40 CFR 370.2):

Health Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard
Physical Fire Hazard

Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know (40 CFR 355, App. A):

Extremely Hazardous Substance Section 302 - Threshold Planning Quantity:

ZUS_SAR302 TPQ (threshold planning quantity) None established

Reportable Quantity (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix):

ZUS_CERCLA Reportable quantity COPPER AND COMPOUNDS
Value:

ZUS_SAR302 Reportable quantity None established



Supplier Notification Requirements (40 CFR 372.45), 313 Reportable Components

ZUS_SAR313 De minimis concentration None established

Clean Air Act Toxic ARP Section 112r:

CAA 112R None established

Clean Air Act Socmi:

HON SOC None established

Clean Air Act VOC Section 111:

CAA 111 None established

Clean Air Act Haz. Air Pollutants Section 112:

ZUS_CAAHAP None established

ZUS_CAAHRP None established

CAA AP None established

State Right-to-Know Regulations Status of Ingredients

Pennsylvania:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
87-90-1	TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE
7758-99-8	Copper Sulfate pentahydrate
9002-84-0	POLYTETRAFLUROETHYLENE

ZUSPA_RTK

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11

1,3,5-TRIAZINE-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-TRIONE, 1,3,5-TRICHLORO-

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1990-01-01

COPPER COMPOUNDS

Environmental hazard, hazardous substance

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11

ETHENE, TETRAFLURO-, HOMOPOLYMER



New Jersey:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
87-90-1	TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE
7758-99-8	Copper Sulfate pentahydrate

ZUSNJ_RTK

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID SYMCLOSENE 1,3,5-TRIAZINE-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-TRIONE, 1,3,5-TRICHLORO-

Special Health Hazard - Reactive - Second Degree

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

1989-12-01

COPPER compounds

hazardous substance

Massachusetts:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
87-90-1	TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE

ZUSMA_RTK

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications

1993-04-24

TRICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE

California Proposition 65:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
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ZUSCA_P65

None established

WHMIS Hazard Classification:

: : : : :

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS)

2007-08-24

Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent

148



Trichloroisocyanuric acid

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS)

1988-01-20

Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent

431

COPPER COMPOUNDS, N.O.S.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS REVISION STATUS :

Major References : Available upon request.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. ARCH CHEMICALS BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS MSDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT ARCH CHEMICALS MSDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT. .